

Date Received:





____ Waivers signed: YES NO

MCPS MIDDLE SCHOOL SPORTS PARTICIPATION FORMS

Please review the information included.
Parent/Guardian & Student Signatures are
REQUIRED on the reverse side.
Return this page to the front office along with your sports participation fee.

Name:				
Grade:				
WIN Teacher:				
Please check ALL the sports you plan to participate in.				
□ Cross Country (\$40)	□ Boys Basketball (\$3	30) Urestling (\$30)		
□ Soccer (\$30)	□ Girls Basketball (\$3	30) □ Track (\$40)		
□ Girls Volleyball (\$30)				
	OFFICE USE ONLY			

Paid:

Parent/Guardian & Student Signatures are REQUIRED

I have read the Middle School Activity Code of Conduct/Student in Good Standing information and understand the consequences for violating it. Student Signature: _____ Date: _____ Parent Signature: _____ Date: _____ I have read the Student-Athlete & Parent/Guardian Concussion Information Sheet. We acknowledge that if a concussion is suspected the student-athlete will be required to provide written clearance from a licensed healthcare provider before resuming any activity. Student Signature: _____ Date: _____ Parent Signature: _____ Date: ____ I have read the Seasonal Athletic Agreement/Waiver for MCPS Middle Schools. I have read the material, discussed it together, and agree to support the expectations and code of conduct listed. Student Signature: _____ Date: _____ Parent Signature: _____ Date: _____ Does your athlete have any medical concerns the coach needs to be aware of?_____ (The school nurse will be notified as well) Missoula County Public Schools - Waiver Missoula School District One must ask parents/guardians of those turning out for athletics to sign the waiver below or furnish a physician's release. The waiver is meant for protection from claims by athletes who should not be playing because of existing physical defects not caused while participating in the school sponsored sports program, but which may be aggravated by it. We recommend a physical examination for your child if any adverse medical history exists, particularly in heart or hernia cases. The District does not provide medical or hospital insurance. If this coverage is desired, it must be obtained by the parents or guardians. In lieu of a physician's release for my child to participate in the school athletic program, I hereby release all people connected with the program from any and all medical claims. This waiver particularly includes any disorder, malady, or sickness that may be aggravated by strenuous activity whether said disorder is incurred during or previous to sport participation. Student Signature: _____ Date: _____ Parent Signature: _____ Date: ____ Emergency Contact: _____ Phone: _____









MCPS Middle School Code of Conduct Student in Good Standing

The Board of Directors of the Missoula County Public Schools offers a variety of voluntary activities designed to enhance the classroom education of its students. Students who participate in extracurricular activities serve as ambassadors of the school district throughout the calendar year., whether away from or at school. Students who wish to exercise this privilege of participating in extracurricular activities must conduct themselves in accordance with the board policy and must refrain from activities that are illegal, immoral, unhealthy, or highly inappropriate. Participation in these activities is a privilege, conditioned upon meeting the eligibility criteria established by the board, administration, and individual activity coaches and sponsors. The activities director shall keep records of violations.

All MCPS Middle Schools follow the Student in Good Standing expectations for extracurricular events and activities. Any student who is not meeting these requirements during the season will not be allowed to participate.

ACADEMICS

Students in Good Standing earn passing grades (D or higher) in all classes.

The eligibility of students earning a failing grade in one or more subjects will be reviewed. Athletic Directors will check the grades of students periodically throughout the athletic season. They will use their best judgment to determine when these checks should occur.

- Students who are failing during a grade check will be ineligible for the next 5 days. During this time they are expected to attend practice but will not be allowed to participate in games or competitions.
- After 5 days a follow-up grade check will be conducted to determine eligibility. If a student has raised their grades they will be eligible to return to competition. If they have not raised all grades to passing they will be out for the next 5 days of competition.

ATTENDANCE

Students in Good Standing have prompt, regular attendance.

The eligibility of students who have missed five or more days of school or practice in one season will be ineligible for competition. If a student is absent on a game day and does not have a Doctors note for the absence they will not be allowed to play that day.

BEHAVIOR

Students in Good Standing abide by all expectations listed in the Middle School Behavior Criteria.

Any students who have received one major ODRs (Office Discipline Referral) in a season will be ineligible for one calendar week. If a student receives a second major ODR in a sports season they may be held out for the remainder of that season. Four minor ODRs equal one major ODR.

Students who receive a major safety-related ODR that results in a citation from law enforcement and/or out-of-school suspension may be ineligible to participate in school activities for the remainder of the year.

^{*}Administrators reserve the right to adjust consequences at their discretion pending the determination of unique circumstances.

Student-Athlete & Parent/Guardian Concussion Statement

Because of the passage of the Dylan Steigers' Protection of Youth Athletes Act, schools are required to distribute information sheets for the purpose of informing and educating student-athletes and their parents/guardians of the nature and risk of concussion or head injury to student-athletes, including the risks of continuing to play after concussion or head injury. Montana law requires that each year, before beginning practice for an organized activity, a student-athlete and the parent/guardian must be given an information sheet, and both parties must sign in and return a form acknowledging receipt of the information to an official designated by the school or school district prior to the student-athletes participation during the designated school year. The law further states that a student-athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in a practice or game shall be removed from play at the time of injury and may not return to play until the student-athlete has received a written clearance from a licensed healthcare provider.

A Fact Sheet for ATHLETES

WHAT IS A CONCUSSION?

A concussion is a brain injury that:

- Is caused by a bump or blow to the head
- Can change the way your brain normally works
- Can occur during practices or games in any sport
- Can happen even if you haven't been knocked out
- Can be serious even if you've just been "dinged"

WHAT ARE THE SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION?

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Bothered by light
- Bothered by noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Difficulty paying attention
- Memory problems
- Confusion
- Does not "feel right"

WHAT SHOULD I DO IF I THINK I HAVE A CONCUSSION

- Tell your coaches and your parents. Never ignore a bump or blow to the head even if you feel fine.
 Also, tell your coach if one of your teammates might have a concussion.
- Get a medical checkup. A doctor or health care professional can tell you if you have a concussion and when you are OK to return to play.
- Give yourself time to get better. If you have had a
 concussion, your brain needs time to heal. While
 your brain is healing, you are much more likely to
 have a second concussion. Second or later
 concussions can cause damage to your brain. It is
 important to rest until you get approval from a
 doctor or health care professional to return to
 play.

HOW CAN I PREVENT A CONCUSSION?

Every sport is different, but there are steps you can take to protect yourself.

- Follow your coach's rules or safety and the rules of the sport.
- Practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Use the proper sports equipment, including personal protective equipment (such as helmets, padding, shin guards, and eye and mouth guards). In order for equipment to protect you, it must be:
 - The right equipment for the game, position or activity
 - Worn correctly and fit properly
 - Used every time you play

Remember, when in doubt, sit them out!

A Fact Sheet for PARENTS/GUARDIANS

WHAT IS A CONCUSSION?

A concussion is a brain injury. Concussions are caused by a bump or blow to the head. Concussions are caused by a bump or blow to the head. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious.

You can't see a concussion. Signs and symptoms of concussion can show up right after the injury or may not appear or be noticed until days or weeks after the injury. If your child reports any symptoms of concussion, or if you notice the symptoms yourself, seek medical attention right away.

WHAT ARE THE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION?

Signs Observed by Parents/Guardians

If your child has experienced a bump or blow to the head during a game practice, look for any of the following signs and symptoms of a concussion.

- Appears dazed or stunned
- Is confused about about assignment or position
- Forgets an instruction
- In unsure of game, score, or opponent
- Moves clumsily
- Answers questions slowly
- Loses consciousness (even briefly)
- Shows behavior or personality changes
- Can't recall events prior to hit or fall
- Can't recall events after hit or fall

Signs Reported by Athlete

- Headache or "pressure" in head
- Nausea or vomiting
- Balance problems or dizziness
- Double or blurry vision
- Sensitivity to light
- Sensitivity to noise
- Feeling sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy
- Concentration or memory problems
- Confusion
- Does not "feel right"

HOW CAN YOU HELP YOUR CHILD PREVENT A CONCUSSION?

Every sport is different, but there are steps your children can take to protect themselves from concussion.

- Ensure that they follow their coach's rules for safety and the rules of the sport.
- Encourage them to practice good sportsmanship at all times.
- Make sure they wear the right protective equipment for their activity (such as helmets, padding, shin guards, and eye and mouth guards).
 Protective equipment should fit properly, be well maintained, and be worn consistently and correctly.
- Learn the signs and symptoms of a concussion.

WHAT SHOULD YOU DO IF YOU THINK YOUR CHILD HAS A CONCUSSION?

- Seek medical attention right away. A health care professional will be able to decide how serious the concussion is and when it is safe for your child to return to sports.
- 2. Keep your child out of play. Concussions take time to heal. Don't let your child return to play until a health care professional says it's OK. Children who return to play too soon while the brain is healing risk a greater chance of having a second concussion. Second or later concussions can be very serious. They can cause permanent brain damage, affecting your child for a lifetime.
- 3. Tell your child's coach about any recent concussion. Coaches should know if your child had a recent concussion in ANY sport. Your child's coach may not know about a concussion your child received in another sport or activity unless you tell the coach.

Remember, when in doubt, sit them out!

Be Prepared

A concussion is a type of traumatic brain injury, or TBI, caused by a bump, blow, or jolt to the head that can change the way your brain normally works. Concussions can also occur from a blow to the body that causes the head to move rapidly back and forth. Even a "ding," "getting your bell rung," or what seems to be a mild bump or blow to the head can be serious. Concussions can occur in any sport or recreation activity. So, all coaches, parents, and athletes need to learn concussion signs and symptoms and what to do if a concussion occurs.

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF A CONCUSSION

SIGNS OBSERVED BY PARENT/GUARDIAN	SYMPTOMS REPORTED BY YOUR STUDENT-ATHLETE	
 Appears dazed or stunned Is confused about events Answers questions slowly Repeats questions Can't recall events prior to the hit, bump, or fall Can't recall events after the hit, bump, or fall Loses consciousness (even briefly) Shows behavior or personality changes Forgets class schedule or assignments 	 Thinking/Remembering: Difficulty thinking clearly Difficulty concentrating or remembering Feeling more slowed down Feeling more sluggish, hazy, foggy, or groggy Physical: Headache or "pressure" in head Nausea or vomiting Balance problems or dizziness Fatigue or feeling tired Blurry or double vision Sensitivity to light or noise Numbness or tingling Does not "feel right" 	Emotional: Irritable Sad More emotional than usual Nervous Sleep*: Drowsy Sleeps less than usual Sleeps more than usual Has trouble falling asleep *Only ask about sleep symptoms if the injury occurred on a prior day.

LINKS TO OTHER RESOURCES

- CDC-Concussion in Sports
 - http://www.cdc.gov/concussion/sports/index.html
- National Federation of State High School Association/Concussion in Sports
 - o www.nfhslearn.com
- Montana High School Association Sports Medicine Page
 - http://www.mhsa.org/SportsMedicine.SportsMed.htm

After reading the information sheet, I am aware of the following information:

- A concussion is a brain injury, which should be reported to my parents, my coach(es), or a medical professional if one is available.
- A concussion can affect the ability to perform everyday activities such as the ability to think,
 balance, and classroom performance.
- A concussion cannot be "seen." Some symptoms might be present right away. Other symptoms can show up hours or days after an injury.
- After a concussion, the brain needs time to heal. I understand that I am/my child is much more likely
 to have another concussion or more serious brain injury if return to play or practice occurs before
 concussion symptoms go away.
- Sometimes, repeat concussions can cause serious and long-lasting problems,
- ATHLETES: I will tell my parents, my coach, and/or a medical professional about my injuries and illnesses.
- ATHLETES: If I think a teammate has a concussion, I should tell my coach(es), parents, or licensed healthcare professional about the concussion.
- ATHLETES: I will not return to play in a game or practice if I hit my head or body causing any concussion-related symptoms.
- I will/my child will need written permission from a licensed healthcare professional to return to play or practice after a concussion.
- I have read the concussion symptoms on the Concussion fact sheet.

SEASONAL ATHLETIC AGREEMENT/WAIVER - MCPS MIDDLE SCHOOLS

1. Preseason Responsibilities

- a. Read, sign and return MCPS Middle School Athletic agreement/medical waiver.
- Athletic Agreement/Medical waiver must be signed by parents/guardians and be on file before an athlete may begin practice.
- c. Participation Fee Please refer to the cover page for participation fees for each sport. There is a limit of \$90 per student and \$150 per family for each school year.

2. Eligibility Requirements

- a. Students must be earning a passing grade in all subjects on a week to week basis. Grade checks are completed weekly to determine eligibility. Students who are ineligible one week may be eligible the next depending on classroom performance.
- b. Student academic eligibility is subject to review based on IDEA and 504.

3. Activity Attendance

- a. Student absences for a documented legal, medical/dental, bereavement or school sponsored reason are exempt.
- b. Players absent from school or are serving an Out-of-school suspension on practice or game day or ineligible to participate.
- c. Athletes must participate in 80% of scheduled practices to play in competition. Athletes who do not attend regularly will be subject to loss of playing time.

4. Parent/Guardian Code of Conduct

a. The essential elements of character building and ethics in athletics are embodied in the concept of sportsmanship and six core principles: trustworthiness, respect, responsibility, fairness, caring and good citizenship. The highest potential of athletics is achieved when completion reflects these "six pillars of character".

b. Therefore I agree:

- i. I will refrain from coaching my child or other players during games and practices.
- ii. I will respect the officials and their authority during games and will never question, discuss or confront coaches at the game field, and will take time to speak to coaches at an agreed upon time and place.
- iii. I will remember that student athletes participate to have fun and that the game is for youth, not adults.
- iv. I will teach my child that doing one's best is more important than winning, so that my child will never feel defeated by the outcome of a game or his or her performance.
- v. I will demand that my child treat other players, coaches, officials and spectators with respect regardless of race, creed, color, sex or ability.
- vi. I will promote the emotional and physical well-being of the student athletes ahead of any personal desire I may have for my own child to win.
- vii. I will not encourage any behaviors or practices that would endanger the health and well-being of the student athletes.
- viii. I (and my guest) will be a positive role model for my child and encourage sportsmanship by showing respect and courtesy, and by demonstrating positive support for all players, coaches, officials and spectators at every game, practice or sporting event.
- ix. I (and my guest) will not engage in any kind of unsportsmanlike conduct with any official, coach, player or parent such as booing and taunting; refusing to shake hands, or using profane language or gestures.
- x. I understand that any violation of this code of conduct will be cause for dismissal, suspension, or permanent expulsion from future athletic contests.